

CITY OF PIEDMONT, SOUTH DAKOTA

Financial Statements

December 31, 2025



City of Piedmont, South Dakota
December 31, 2025

Contents

Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Schedule of Findings and Management’s Response	3
Independent Auditor’s Report	5
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	10
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund.....	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	25
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund.....	26
Notes to the Supplementary Information	28
City Officials.....	29

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees
City of Piedmont, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont, South Dakota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Management's Response as items 2025-001, 2025-002, and 2025-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Management's Response, as item 2025-003.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Management's Response. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota codified law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson, LTD

Casey Peterson, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota

May 19, 2026

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Schedule of Findings and Management's Response
December 31, 2025

Material Weakness

Lack of Segregation of Duties

2025-001 *Condition:* Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help prevent or detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. The City of Piedmont, South Dakota has a concentration of incompatible duties related to the cash receipt process. This finding was reported in the prior year as 2024-001 and has been reported since 2013.

Criteria: Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and prevent or detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. The City has a general lack of segregation of duties, which is a fundamental concept in a good system of internal control.

Cause: The City has a limited number of office personnel. There is often only one employee in the office receiving payments from customers, which prevents proper segregation of duties related to the cash receipt cycles.

Effect: There is the potential that intentional or unintentional errors could be made and not be detected.

Auditor's Recommendation: The Board of Trustees should be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties among a limited number of individuals is not desirable from a control perspective. Although proper segregation may not be possible due to the limited number of office personnel, the City can implement improvements to reduce the risk of errors or fraud. As the City accepts cash payments, there should always be more than one individual in the office.

Management's Response: The City of Piedmont is a fairly small city with two part-time employees who handle the accounting, reporting, billing, and all other administrative functions needed by the City. The two employees have implemented the procedure of having customers sign a receipt when cash is provided. The City believes the process of handling cash from customers is self-regulating since bills are issued monthly. The City does not have petty cash available, which eliminates cash exchange errors.

Responsible Parties: Finance Officer and Deputy Finance Officer

Time Frame: Ongoing

Material Weakness

Internal Control over the Preparation of Financial Statements and Accounting for Governmental and Business-type Activities

2025-002 *Condition:* The City requests its auditor to draft the year-end financial statements and accompanying notes. This finding was reported in the prior year as 2024-002.

Criteria: Establishing internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements and drafting the financial statements is the responsibility of management. The City should have an internal control system in place to prepare the financial statements and to prevent, or detect and correct, material misstatements.

Cause: The City does not have an internal control system in place to prepare the financial statements and to identify errors in the accounting records, which is common for a City of this size due to the limited number of office staff.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Schedule of Findings and Management's Response
December 31, 2025

Effect: The City engages its auditor to draft the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. There is a risk that errors may occur and not be detected.

Auditor's Recommendation: The City should work to expand on the information provided to the auditor in drafting the financial statements and related notes and perform a thorough review of the drafted financial statements, which includes reconciling information to the underlying documentation provided by management and other supporting schedules. During the year-end closing process, the City should review the accounting records and ensure appropriate activity is recorded on the modified cash basis of accounting as of year-end.

Management's Response: The City will work to improve the accuracy of accounting records and provide additional information to the auditor for use in drafting the financial statements and related notes.

Responsible Parties: Finance Officer and Deputy Finance Officer

Time Frame: Ongoing

Material Weakness
Noncompliance
Budgetary Overexpenditure

2025-003 *Condition:* The City overspent budgeted appropriations in the legislative department.

Criteria: SDCL 9-21-9 states that the City shall not spend, for any purpose or department, in excess of the total amount appropriated for such purpose or department.

Cause: The City overlooked the budgetary shortfall in its comparison of budgeted to actual expenses. The governing body did not adopt a supplemental appropriation ordinance.

Effect: The City did not comply with South Dakota state statutes.

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend the City review state statutes regarding budgeting and budget amendments. The budget should be monitored monthly and amended as necessary. Budget-to-actual reports reviewed should contain all expenditures by department to ensure departments are within budget requirements.

Management's Response: The City recognizes the error and will continue to review all budgeting and budget amendments monthly.

Responsible Parties: Finance Officer and Deputy Finance Officer

Time Frame: Ongoing

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees
City of Piedmont, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont, South Dakota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule and list of City Officials are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to the supplementary information, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The list of City Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2026 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Peterson, LTD

Casey Peterson, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota

May 19, 2026

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
December 31, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total Primary Government</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 332,682	\$ (60,370)	\$ 272,312
Investments	710,018	-	710,018
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	47,049	47,049
Investments	<u>-</u>	<u>45,172</u>	<u>45,172</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 1,042,700</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 31,851</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,074,551</u></u>
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Amounts Owed to Others	\$ -	\$ 7,822	\$ 7,822
Reserved for Debt Service	-	92,221	92,221
Unrestricted	<u>1,042,700</u>	<u>(68,192)</u>	<u>974,508</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 1,042,700</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 31,851</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,074,551</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Functions/Programs	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position		
				Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 285,222	\$ 24,933	\$ -	\$ (260,289)	\$ -	\$ (260,289)
Public Safety	155	-	-	(155)	-	(155)
Public Works	41,402	-	-	(41,402)	-	(41,402)
Conservation and Development	125,930	-	-	(125,930)	-	(125,930)
Culture and Recreation	106,862	-	475	(106,387)	-	(106,387)
Total Governmental Activities	559,571	24,933	475	(534,163)	-	(534,163)
Business-type Activities:						
Water	174,650	216,076	-	-	41,426	41,426
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 734,221	\$ 241,009	\$ 475	(534,163)	41,426	(492,737)
GENERAL RECEIPTS						
Taxes:						
Sales and Use Taxes				503,150	-	503,150
Property Taxes				215,039	-	215,039
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes				252	-	252
State Shared Receipts				34,667	-	34,667
County Shared Receipts				16,955	-	16,955
Fines and Forfeits				880	-	880
Interest on Certificates of Deposit				14,176	1,435	15,611
Miscellaneous Receipts				8,614	-	8,614
Total General Receipts				793,733	1,435	795,168
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				259,570	42,861	302,431
NET POSITION - BEGINNING				783,130	(11,010)	772,120
NET POSITION - ENDING				\$ 1,042,700	\$ 31,851	\$ 1,074,551

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds
December 31, 2025

	General Fund	Nonmajor TID Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 429,825	\$ (97,143)	\$ 332,682
Investments	710,018	-	710,018
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,139,843	\$ (97,143)	\$ 1,042,700
FUND BALANCE			
Unassigned	\$ 1,139,843	\$ (97,143)	\$ 1,042,700
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,139,843	\$ (97,143)	\$ 1,042,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance -
Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds
December 31, 2025

	General Fund	Nonmajor TID Fund	Total Governmental Funds
RECEIPTS			
Taxes:			
Sales and Use Taxes	\$ 503,150	\$ -	\$ 503,150
Property Taxes	186,857	28,182	215,039
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	252	-	252
Licenses and Permits	16,268	-	16,268
Intergovernmental Receipts:			
State Shared Receipts	34,667	-	34,667
County Shared Receipts	16,955	-	16,955
Fines and Forfeits	880	-	880
Charges for Goods and Services	4,930	-	4,930
Interest on Certificate of Deposits	14,176	-	14,176
Miscellaneous Receipts	12,824	-	12,824
Total Receipts	790,959	28,182	819,141
DISBURSEMENTS			
General Government:			
Financial Administration	208,858	-	208,858
Legislative	38,881	-	38,881
Executive	3,643	-	3,643
Other	33,840	-	33,840
Public Safety	155	-	155
Public Works	41,402	-	41,402
Conservation and Development	125,930	-	125,930
Culture and Recreation:			
Libraries	101,109	-	101,109
Parks	5,753	-	5,753
Total Disbursements	559,571	-	559,571
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	231,388	28,182	259,570
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	908,455	(125,325)	783,130
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,139,843	\$ (97,143)	\$ 1,042,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund
December 31, 2025

	<u>Water Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (60,370)
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,049
Restricted Investments	<u>45,172</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 31,851</u></u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
Amounts Owed to Others	\$ 7,822
Reserved for Debt Service	92,221
Unrestricted	<u>(68,192)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 31,851</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Net Position -
Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund
December 31, 2025

	<u>Water Fund</u>
OPERATING RECEIPTS	
Receipts Dedicated to Servicing Debt	\$ <u>216,076</u>
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS	
Personal Services	10,910
Other Current Disbursements	<u>94,852</u>
Total Operating Disbursements	<u>105,762</u>
OPERATING INCOME	<u>110,314</u>
NONOPERATING RECEIPTS (DISBURSEMENTS)	
Principal Payments	(52,598)
Interest Payments	(16,290)
Interest on Certificates of Deposit	<u>1,435</u>
Net Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)	<u>(67,453)</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	42,861
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u>(11,010)</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$ 31,851</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C., these financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as described within this note. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity of the City of Piedmont, South Dakota (the City) consists of the primary government which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity; those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and other non-exchange receipts. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The City has no fiduciary funds.

The Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts that are not classified as program receipts, including all taxes, are presented as general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, fund equity, receipts, and disbursements. The funds of the City are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City, or if it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The funds of the City are described below.

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Tax Increment District Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of property tax receipts received on the tax increment districts. This is a nonmajor fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met. Governments should apply each of these criteria in the context of the activity's principal receipt sources.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net receipts from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net receipts from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit, even if that government is not expected to make any payments, is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the receipts of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar receipts.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Water Fund - Financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities (SDCL 9-47-1). This fund is a major fund.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The City's basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined in the Basis of Accounting section.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting

In the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis, the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, and the fund financial statements, the governmental and business-type activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The City also presents negative cash balances rather than inter-fund loans.

Acceptable modifications to the modified cash basis of accounting implemented by the City in these financial statements include the recording of investments (certificates of deposits with terms to maturity more than 90 days from the date of acquisition) arising from cash transactions.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City applied accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City pools its cash resources of its funds for cash management purposes. The proprietary fund essentially has access to the entire amount of its cash resources on demand.

For the purpose of financial reporting, “cash and cash equivalents” includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at the date of acquisition of three months or less.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at the date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investments authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

The City maintains restricted cash deposits for the debt reserves required by the USDA debt agreement.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

The City has not elected to modify its cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating/amortizing those assets where appropriate. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the City's capital assets are considered a cost of the program for which they were acquired, for the amount paid in cash, in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

The City has not elected to modify its cash basis presentation by right-of-use lease asset and related lease liability arising from cash transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash payments for lease activities are a cost of the program for which they were acquired for the amount paid in cash in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash proceeds from long-term debt issuances are recorded as a receipt, while payments to creditors to reduce long-term debts are recorded as a cost of the program that benefits from the financing. Allocations are made where appropriate. Interest costs are not allocated but are reported as a separate program cost category.

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions of all funds is not reported as liabilities in the modified cash basis financial statements.

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash payments for lease activities are recorded as expenditures in the function that benefits from the use of the leased asset. Allocations are made where appropriate. Lease liabilities arising from leasing activities are not reported as liabilities in the modified cash basis financial statements.

G. PROGRAM RECEIPTS

Program receipts derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the City's taxpayers or citizenry as a whole. Program receipts are classified into three categories as follows:

Charges for Services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program-specific Operating Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

Program-specific Capital Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program. The City had no program-specific capital grants and contributions in the current year.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. PROPRIETARY FUNDS RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS CLASSIFICATION

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis, receipts and disbursements are classified as operating or non-operating receipts and disbursements. Operating receipts and disbursements directly relate to the purpose of the fund.

I. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in two components:

Restricted Net Position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - Includes all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted net position.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when a disbursement is made for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The City has no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are externally imposed by providers such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The City has no restricted fund balances.

Committed - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the Board of Trustees by resolution and do not lapse at year-end. No commitments have been made by the City.

Assigned - Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board of Trustees. The City has no assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund that has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The City uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar-for-dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly, unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when disbursements are made.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as the government-wide financial statements.

**City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. REVENUES RECEIVED IN ADVANCE

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash may have been received in advance of the City’s providing a good or service to a customer. These amounts are reported in the financial statements at the time of receipt, as applicable.

K. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The City is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the department level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Total Spent</u>	<u>Overdraft of Expenditures</u>
General Fund:			
Legislative	\$ 25,600	\$ 38,881	\$ 13,281

The City will review all budgeting and budget amendments monthly to ensure the budget is not over-expended.

L. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE OF INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUNDS

As of December 31, 2025, the TID Fund, a nonmajor fund, had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$97,143. The City plans on receiving property tax related to the TID to recover the deficit in the fund.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK, AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The City follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are as follows:

Deposits

The City’s cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1, and 9-22-6.2 and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts that exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank’s public debt rating which may not be less than “AA” or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK, AND INTEREST RATE RISK (CONTINUED)

Investments

In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits City funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent. Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at the date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investments authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2025, the City's bank balances above FDIC limits are insured and collateralized in compliance with the South Dakota Public Deposit Protection Collateral Program.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investments. The City's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the City, as discussed above. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The City has all of its deposits in demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are for bond redemption and asset management reserves required by the USDA debt agreement. The debt agreement calls for bond redemption reserve deposits of \$2,888.40 per year until the reserve reaches \$28,884. As of December 31, 2025, the reserve is fully funded. Asset management reserve deposits of \$226 are required per month for the life of the loan. As of December 31, 2025, total deposits of \$92,221 are maintained in savings and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1 of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year. The City is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the City.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025

NOTE 5 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City has an active TIF (Tax Increment Financing) district for the reimbursement of expenses relating to improvements to sidewalks, streets, drainage, and acquired flood zone property. Under the TIF agreements, property tax increments received by the City are collected to reimburse eligible project expenses approved by the resolution of the Board of Trustees, as allowed by South Dakota Codified Law Section 11-9. When all approved project costs are paid or the TIF is dissolved in accordance with state statutes, all property tax revenue will be distributed to the appropriate taxing entities. Increments totaling \$28,182 were received by the City during the year ended December 31, 2025.

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS

As discussed in Note 1.C., the financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The City has not elected to modify its cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt arising from cash transactions so any outstanding indebtedness is not reported on the financial statements. The City does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as debt service disbursements on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund. On the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, the principal and interest portion of these debt service payments are reported within the appropriate function. The City has included the summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2025, due to the importance of the information provided:

The following is a summary of the long-term commitments for the year ended December 31, 2025:

	Balance 12/31/24	Advances	Payments	Balance 12/31/25	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
General Obligation Bond	\$ 223,254	\$ -	\$ (21,683)	\$ 201,571	\$ 22,426
Revolving Fund Revenue Bond	314,497	-	(30,915)	283,582	31,852
	<u>\$ 537,751</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (52,598)</u>	<u>\$ 485,153</u>	<u>\$ 54,278</u>

Long-term debt at December 31, 2025, is comprised of the following:

The General Obligation Bond, Series 2011, was issued to finance Phase I of a two-phase project for improvements to the City's water supply and distribution system. The bond bears interest at 3.375%, due in monthly installments of \$2,407 and was originally due through April 1, 2051. The bond is financed through the Water Fund. The City has prepaid \$198,958 in debt principal resulting in a revised maturity schedule as the outstanding principal will be paid off prior to 2051. The prepaid principal has been applied to the ending years of the maturity schedule as the financing institution has not revised the payment schedule including principal and interest on the maturity schedule. Interest paid for the year ended December 31, 2025, was \$7,201.

\$ 201,571

The 2010 State Revolving Fund Revenue Bond was issued to finance Phase II of the two-phase project for improvements to the City's water supply and distribution system. The bond bears interest at 3% and is due in quarterly installments of \$10,001 through April 2033. The bond is financed through the Water Fund. Interest paid for the year ended December 31, 2025, was \$9,089.

283,582
\$ 485,153

**City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025**

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the long-term liability outstanding as of December 31, 2025, (using the revised repayment schedule for the General Obligation Bond), including interest, are as follows:

	Bonds		Total
	Principal	Interest	
2026	\$ 54,278	\$ 14,610	\$ 68,888
2027	56,013	12,875	68,888
2028	57,804	11,084	68,888
2029	59,652	9,236	68,888
2030	61,560	7,328	68,888
2031-2035	195,846	9,914	205,760
	\$ 485,153	\$ 65,047	\$ 550,200

NOTE 7 - LEASES

The City has an agreement for the lease of a copier through A&B Solutions. The term of the lease is three years, expiring in February 2026, with monthly installments of \$181, financed through General Fund operating reserves. Annual lease payments to maturity for the lease outstanding as of December 31, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Lease Payments
2026	\$ 362

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ending December 31, 2025, the City managed its risks as follows:

Liability Insurance

The City joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk-sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and to provide them with risk management services, loss control, and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The City's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident that could result in a claim being made by or against the City. The City pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution to provide liability coverage detailed below under an occurrence-made policy. The premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member based on their exposure or type of coverage. The City pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for torts, theft, or damage to property, and errors and omissions of public officials.

The City has no deductible for general liability coverage, a \$5,000 deductible for injunctive relief, and a \$5,000 deductible for employment-related claims.

**City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2025**

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits

The City provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

Workmen's Compensation

The City joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The City's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The City pays an annual premium to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance, which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The City does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount classified as restricted net position at December 31, 2025 is as follows:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount
Amounts Owed to Sanitary District	Contractual Agreement	\$ 7,822
Debt Service	Debt Covenants	92,221
		<u>\$ 100,043</u>

NOTE 10 - AGREEMENT WITH MEADE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The City entered into an agreement with Meade School District for the construction of the water line to the new Piedmont Elementary School in September 2010. Meade School District paid \$420,000 to the City for the construction of the water line. The City will credit the school district \$5,250 in 40 annual installments against its monthly water bill. The school district paid \$2,635 and was credited \$5,250 in water user fees for the year ended December 31, 2025.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund
December 31, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
RECEIPTS				
Taxes:				
Sales and Use Taxes	\$ 420,000	\$ 420,000	\$ 503,150	\$ 83,150
Property Taxes	189,980	189,980	186,857	(3,123)
Gross Business Taxes	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	-	-	252	252
Intergovernmental Receipts:				
State Shared Receipts	35,000	35,000	34,667	(333)
County Shared Receipts	18,000	18,000	16,955	(1,045)
Licenses and Permits	15,000	15,000	16,268	1,268
Fines and Forfeits	500	500	880	380
Charges for Goods and Services	1,050	1,050	4,930	3,880
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Miscellaneous Receipts	25,000	25,000	27,000	2,000
Total Receipts	<u>707,530</u>	<u>707,530</u>	<u>790,959</u>	<u>83,429</u>
DISBURSEMENTS				
General Government:				
Financial Administration	225,000	225,000	208,858	16,142
Legislative	25,600	25,600	38,881	(13,281)
Executive	7,000	7,000	3,643	3,357
Other	20,000	34,000	33,840	160
Total General Government	<u>277,600</u>	<u>291,600</u>	<u>285,222</u>	<u>6,378</u>
Public Safety	<u>80,000</u>	<u>80,000</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>79,845</u>
Public Works	<u>404,980</u>	<u>404,980</u>	<u>41,402</u>	<u>363,578</u>
Culture and Recreation:				
Parks	24,000	24,000	5,753	18,247
Libraries	100,000	104,000	101,109	2,891
Total Culture and Recreation	<u>124,000</u>	<u>128,000</u>	<u>106,862</u>	<u>21,138</u>
Conservation and Development	<u>100,000</u>	<u>155,000</u>	<u>125,930</u>	<u>29,070</u>
Contingency	<u>75,100</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,100</u>
Total Disbursements	<u>1,061,680</u>	<u>1,061,680</u>	<u>559,571</u>	<u>502,109</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to the supplementary information.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund
(Continued)
December 31, 2025

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers Out	<u>(445,850)</u>	<u>(445,850)</u>	-	<u>445,850</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(800,000)	(800,000)	231,388	1,031,388
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>908,455</u>	<u>908,455</u>	<u>908,455</u>	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 108,455</u>	<u>\$ 108,455</u>	<u>\$ 1,139,843</u>	<u>\$ 1,031,388</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to the supplementary information.

City of Piedmont, South Dakota
Notes to the Supplementary Information
December 31, 2025

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting and presents capital outlay and debt service disbursements within each function, similar to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the supplementary information:

1. At the regular board meeting in September each year, the Board of Trustees introduces the annual appropriations ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year.
2. After adoption by the Board of Trustees, the operating budget is legally binding and actual disbursements for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in number 4.
3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such line item may not exceed five percent of the total City budget and may be transferred by resolution of the Board of Trustees to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
5. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of Trustees. The City did not encumber any amounts at December 31, 2025.
6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the special revenue fund.

See independent auditor's report.

**City of Piedmont, South Dakota
City Officials
December 31, 2025**

PRESIDENT

Phil Anderson

VICE PRESIDENT

Jack Parks

TRUSTEES

Clint Peterson

Mike Johns

Bruce Lutz

FINANCE OFFICER

Diana L Evans

WATER

Jeff Kottwitz

See independent auditor's report.